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Temporal dynamics of amygdala response to emotion- and actionrelevance

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Title: "Temporal dynamics of amygdala response to emotion- and action-relevance"

Running title: "Amygdala relevance processing"

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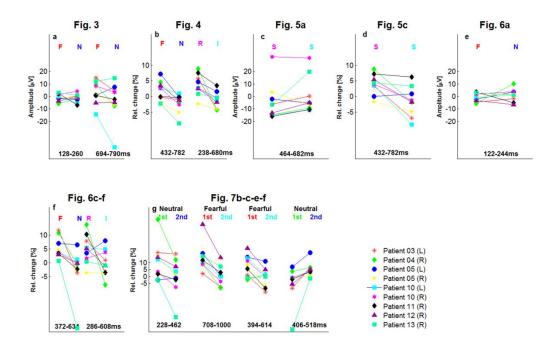


Figure 1 Supplementary. Scatterplots depicting the individual average amplitudes for each condition, over the significant time-window of each effect reported. (a) Fig. 3c. (b) Fig. 4ad. (c) Fig. 5a. (d) Fig. 5c. (e) Fig. 6a. (f) Fig. 6c,f. (g) Fig. 7bcef. F stands for fearful and N for neutral faces; R stands for action-relevant (target) and I for action-irrelevant (non-target). S stands for square and C for circle. 1st stands for first part of the experiment and 2nd for the second part. Same color and display codes as in Fig. 5. See corresponding figures for more information.

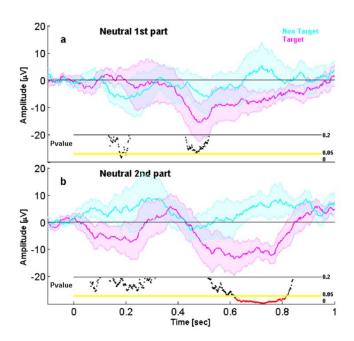


Figure 2 Supplementary. Action-relevance learning effect for neutral faces. (a) Action-relevance differences for neutral faces during the first part of the FACE task, showing no significant effects. (b) Same differences during the second part of the FACE task, showing significant action-relevance effects from 632 to 828ms post-stimulus. Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

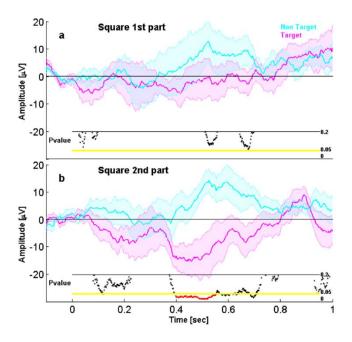


Figure 3 Supplementary. Action-relevance learning effect for squares. (a) Action-relevance differences for squares during the first part of the SHAPE task, showing no significant effects. (b) Same differences during the second part of the SHAPE task, showing significant action-relevance effects from 408 to 560ms post-stimulus. Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

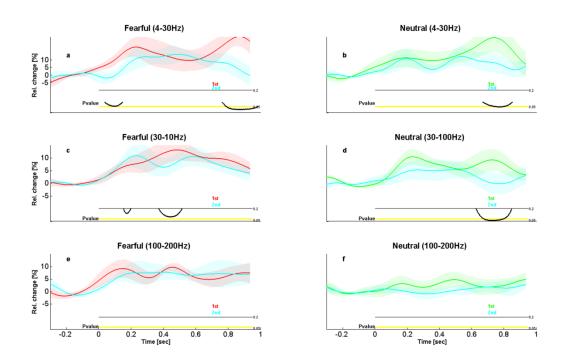


Figure 4 Supplementary. Processing of target faces in the amygdala across the first and the second part of the experiment. (Top) Low frequency activity (4-30Hz) related to (a) fearful and (b) neutral non-target faces, during the first and second parts of the experiment. (Middle) Low gamma activity (30-100Hz) related to (c) fearful and (d) neutral non-target faces, during the first and the second parts of the experiment. (Bottom) High gamma activity (100-200Hz) related to (e) fearful and (f) neutral non-target faces, during the first and the second part of the experiment. No statistically significant results (all p values below 0.05 uncorrected). Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

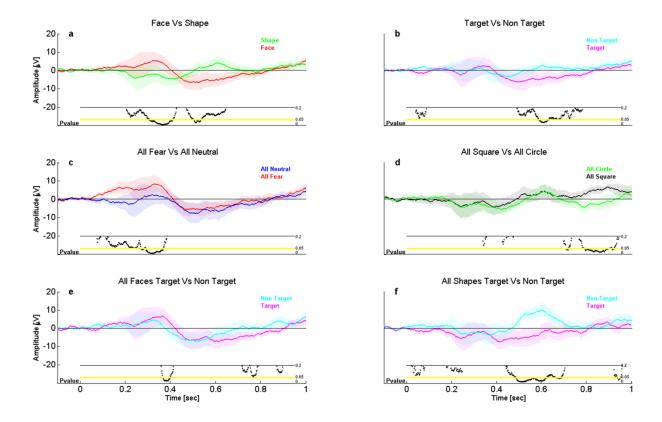


Figure 5 Supplementary. Main effects on iERPs. (a) Main task effect (all faces pooled vs all shapes pooled). (b) Main action-relevance effect (all target stimuli pooled vs all non-target stimuli pooled). (c) Main effect of emotion (all fearful faces pooled vs all neutral faces pooled). (d) Main effect of shape (all squares pooled vs all circles pooled). (f) Main action-relevance effect for faces (all target faces pooled vs all non-target faces pooled). (g) Main action-relevance effect for shapes (all shapes target pooled vs all shapes non-target pooled). Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

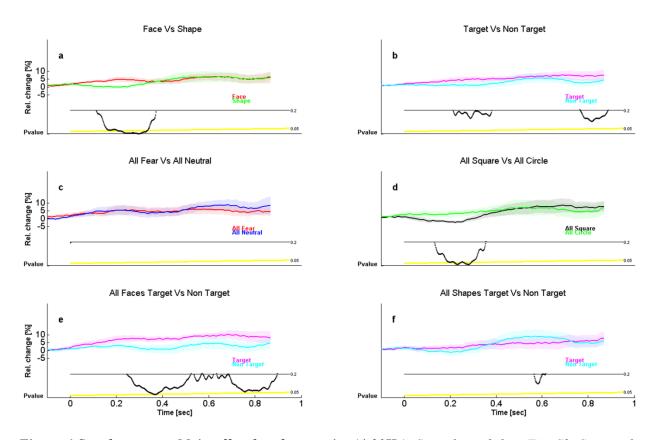


Figure 6 Supplementary. Main effect low frequencies (4-30Hz). Same legend than Fig. S2. Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

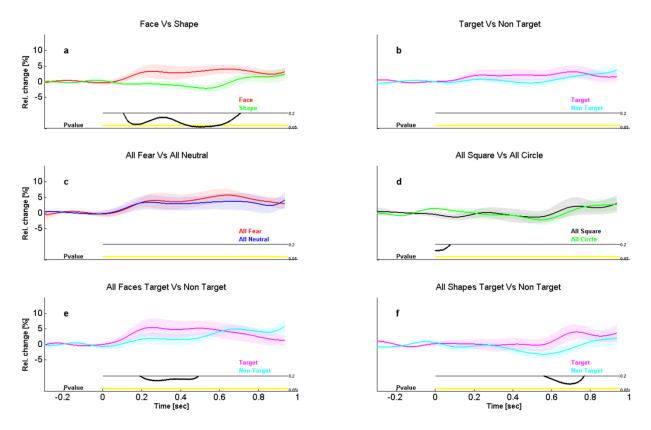


Figure 7 Supplementary. Main effect low gamma (30-100Hz). Same legend than Fig. S2. Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

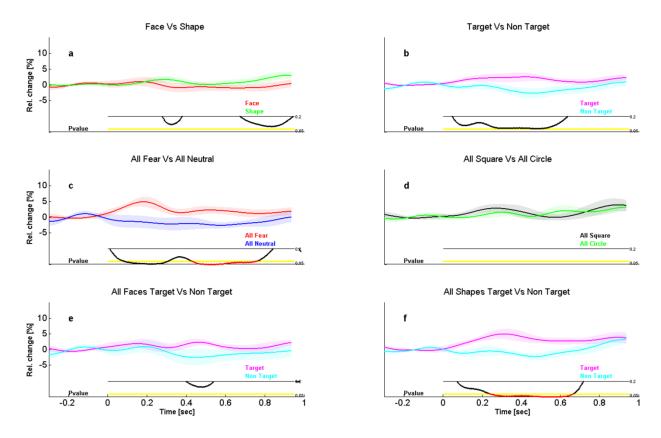


Figure 8 Supplementary. Main effect high gamma (100-200Hz). Same legend than Fig. S2. Same color and display codes as in Fig 3.

Hits		Statistic	False alarms		Statistic	Omissions		Statistic
Fear	Neutral	Pvalue	Fear	Neutral	Pvalue	Fear	Neutral	Pvalue
89±15.5%	90±2.1%	0.83	2.1±1.3%	1.1±0.7%	0.09	9.6±15.3%	2.6±2.2%	0.24
Square	Circle	Pvalue	Square	Circle	Pvalue	Square	Circle	Pvalue
98±1.4%	98±1.9%	0.81	1.3±2%	1.3±1.7%	1	0.7±0.7%	1±0.9%	0.47

Table 1 Supplementary. Hits, false alarms and omissions for each experimental condition, and paired ttests across conditions of the same task. No differences between conditions, all p > 0.09.

	Hits	Statistic	False alarms	Statistic	Omissions	Statistic
Faces	89.4±15%	Pvalue	1.6±0.4%	Pvalue	6±8.2%	Pvalue
Shapes	98.1±1%	0.16	1.3±1.6%	0.68	0.8±0.7%	0.11

Table 2 Supplementary. Hits, false alarms and omissions for faces and shapes, and paired t-tests across conditions of the two tasks. No differences between conditions, all p > 0.11.

		Fear target	Neutral target	Square target	Circle target
Accuracy in % and SD	1st half	89±8.32	90±8.13	98±0.86	98±0.89
Accuracy in % and SD	2nd half	89±7.35	90±8.26	98±0.99	98±0.99
Response Time in ms and SD	1st half	608±174	681±168	506±65	500±79
Response Time in ms and SD	2nd half	611±140	668±135	533±109	514±68

Table 3 Supplementary. Accuracy and RT during first and second part of the experiment for each experimental condition. No differences between conditions, all p > 0.58.

	Number Trials and SD
Fear target	38±18
Fear non-target	42±13
Neutral target	43±16
Neutral non-target	45±16
Square target	35±7
Square non-target	33±6
Circle target	37±4
Circle non-target	37±2

Table 4 Supplementary. Number of trials per condition. (no differences between conditions, all p > 0.1)