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Article

1994

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Crystal structure of terbium chromium aluminium,  $Tb_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.6$ ), erbium chromium aluminium,  $Er_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.96$ ), holmium chromium aluminium,  $Ho_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.6$ ), and lutetium chromium aluminium,  $Lu_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=2.76$ )

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#### How to cite

YANSON, Tamara I. et al. Crystal structure of terbium chromium aluminium,  $Tb_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.6$ ), erbium chromium aluminium,  $Er_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.96$ ), holmium chromium aluminium,  $Ho_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=1.6$ ), and lutetium chromium aluminium,  $Lu_6Cr_{4+x}Al_{43-x}$  ( $x=2.76$ ). In: Zeitschrift für Kristallographie. Crystalline materials, 1994, vol. 209, n° 11, p. 922–923. doi: 10.1524/zkri.1994.209.11.922

This publication URL: <https://archive-ouverte.unige.ch/unige:175923>

Publication DOI: [10.1524/zkri.1994.209.11.922](https://doi.org/10.1524/zkri.1994.209.11.922)

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# Crystal structure of terbium chromium aluminium, $\text{Tb}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$ ( $x = 1.6$ ), erbium chromium aluminium, $\text{Er}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$ ( $x = 1.96$ ), holmium chromium aluminium, $\text{Ho}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$ ( $x = 1.6$ ), and lutetium chromium aluminium, $\text{Lu}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$ ( $x = 2.76$ )

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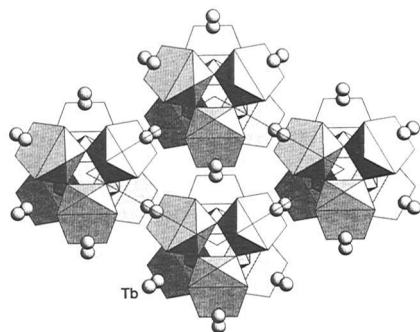
(Received February 24, 1994, CSD-No. 400690, 400687, 400688, and 400689)

Source of material: Synthesis from elements by arc melting and annealing at 773 K in evacuated quartz tubes.

The compounds crystallize in the  $\text{Yb}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$  ( $x = 1.76$ ) structure type with mixed Cr/Al occupation of the  $8h$  site (see ref. 1).

## 1. Structure of $\text{Tb}_6\text{Cr}_{4+x}\text{Al}_{43-x}$ ( $x = 1.6$ )

Nominal composition  $\text{Tb}_6\text{Cr}_6\text{Al}_{41}$ .



Cr(1) - coordinated by 10-fold polyhedron

Cr(2) - coordinated by icosahedron

$\text{Al}_{41.4}\text{Cr}_{5.6}\text{Tb}_6$ , hexagonal,  $P6_3/mcm$  (No. 193),  
 $a = 10.964(2)$  Å,  $c = 17.719(3)$  Å,  $V = 1844.7$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 2$   
 $R(F) = 0.087$ ,  $R_w(F) = 0.060$ .

**Table 1.** Parameters used for the X-ray data collection

Crystal:	metallic plate, size 0.016 x 0.048 x 0.060 mm
Wave length:	$\text{Mo } K\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 Å)
$\mu$ :	139.13 $\text{cm}^{-1}$
Diffractometer:	Philips PW1100
Scan mode:	$\omega/2\theta$
$T_{\text{measurement}}$ :	293 K
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ :	64°
$N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ :	453
Criterion for $F_0$ :	$F_0 > 4\sigma(F_0)$
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	52
Program:	XTAL 3.2

**Table 2.** Final atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å<sup>2</sup>)

Atom	Site	Occ.	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}$
Al(6)	8h	0.60(5)	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.1282(8)	0.012(4)
Cr(6)	8h	0.40(5)	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0.1282(8)	0.012(4)

**Table 3.** Final atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å<sup>2</sup>)

Atom	Site	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
Tb	12k	0.4677(2)	0	0.0968(1)	0.0090(7)	$2U_{12}$	0.0038(7)	0.0028(5)	-0.0022(9)	0
Cr(1)	6g	0.266(1)	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0.009(4)	$2U_{12}$	0.009(5)	0.002(2)	0	0
Cr(2)	2b	0	0	0	$2U_{12}$	$2U_{12}$	0.005(9)	0.004(3)	0	0
Al(1)	24f	0.232(1)	0.394(1)	0.1635(4)	0.011(5)	0.011(5)	0.001(4)	0.001(4)	0.007(4)	0.002(4)
Al(2)	12k	0.154(1)	0	0.1165(7)	0.007(5)	$2U_{12}$	-0.003(6)	0.001(3)	0.001(5)	0
Al(3)	12k	0.252(2)	0	0.5290(8)	0.006(5)	$2U_{12}$	0.008(7)	0.015(5)	-0.006(6)	0
Al(4)	12j	0.150(2)	0.549(2)	$\frac{1}{4}$	0.025(9)	0.002(8)	0.018(8)	0.007(8)	0	0
Al(5)	12i	0.249(1)	2x	0	0.019(7)	$2U_{12}$	0.04(1)	0.005(4)	0.009(9)	0
Al(7)	6g	0.852(2)	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0.010(9)	$2U_{12}$	0.01(1)	0.001(5)	0	0

## 2. Structure of Er<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>4+x</sub>Al<sub>43-x</sub> (x = 1.96)

Nominal composition Er<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>6</sub>Al<sub>41</sub>.

Al<sub>41.04</sub>Cr<sub>5.96</sub>Er<sub>6</sub>, hexagonal, *P6<sub>3</sub>/mcm* (No. 193),  
 $a = 10.853(2) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $c = 17.543(7) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $V = 1789.4 \text{ \AA}^3$ ,  $Z = 2$   
 $R(F) = 0.085$ ,  $R_w(F) = 0.052$ .

**Table 4.** Parameters used for the X-ray data collection

Crystal:	metallic plate, size 0.016 x 0.048 x 0.060 mm
Wave length:	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 \AA)
$\mu$ :	166.62 cm <sup>-1</sup>
Diffractometer:	Philips PW1100
Scan mode:	$\omega/2\theta$
$T_{\text{measurement}}$ :	293 K
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ :	60°
$N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ :	307
Criterion for $F_0$ :	$F_0 > 4 \sigma(F_0)$
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	27
Program:	XTAL 3.2

**Table 5.** Final atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in \AA<sup>2</sup>)

Atom	Site	Occ.	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}$
Er	12k		0.4661(2)	0	0.0966(1)	0.0065(6)
Cr(1)	6g		0.262(1)	0	1/4	0.006(3)
Cr(2)	2b		0	0	0	0.011(6)
Al(1)	24l		0.233(1)	0.395(1)	0.1642(6)	0.004(2)
Al(2)	12k		0.155(1)	0	0.117(1)	0.006(4)
Al(3)	12k		0.255(2)	0	0.5316(8)	0.001(4)
Al(4)	12j		0.151(2)	0.549(2)	1/4	0.008(4)
Al(5)	12i		0.251(1)	2x	0	0.019(5)
Al(7)	6g		0.853(2)	0	1/4	0.001(6)
Al(6)	8h	0.51(5)	1/3	2/3	0.1306(8)	0.01(5)
Cr(6)	8h	0.49(5)	1/3	2/3	0.1306(8)	0.01(5)

## 3. Structure of Ho<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>4+x</sub>Al<sub>43-x</sub> (x = 1.6)

Nominal composition Ho<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>6</sub>Al<sub>41</sub>.

Al<sub>41.4</sub>Cr<sub>5.6</sub>Ho<sub>6</sub>, hexagonal, *P6<sub>3</sub>/mcm* (No. 193)  
 $a = 10.962(2) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $c = 17.715(4) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $V = 1843.4 \text{ \AA}^3$ ,  $Z = 2$ ,  
 $R(F) = 0.059$ ,  $R_w(F) = 0.044$ .

**Table 6.** Parameters used for the X-ray data collection

Crystal:	metallic plate, size 0.008 x 0.024 x 0.040
Wave length:	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 \AA)
$\mu$ :	152.90 cm <sup>-1</sup>
Diffractometer:	Philips PW1100
Scan mode:	$\omega/2\theta$
$T_{\text{measurement}}$ :	293 K
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ :	54°
$N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ :	208
Criterion for $F_0^2$ :	$F_0^2 > 3 \sigma(F_0^2)$
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	28
Program:	XTAL 3.2

**Table 7.** Final atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in \AA<sup>2</sup>)

Atom	Site	Occ.	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}$
Ho	12k		0.4675(2)	0	0.0970(2)	0.0064(7)
Cr(1)	6g		0.263(2)	0	1/4	0.009(3)
Cr(2)	2b		0	0	0	0.006(6)
Al(1)	24l		0.234(1)	0.394(1)	0.1644(4)	0.006(3)
Al(2)	12k		0.154(2)	0	0.1164(8)	0.006(4)
Al(3)	12k		0.257(2)	0	0.5299(7)	0.003(3)
Al(4)	12j		0.152(2)	0.551(2)	1/4	0.010(4)
Al(5)	12i		0.247(1)	2x	0	0.024(5)
Al(7)	6g		0.849(3)	0	1/4	0.004(7)
Al(6)	8h	0.60(6)	1/3	2/3	0.1300(7)	0.007(5)
Cr(6)	8h	0.40(6)	1/3	2/3	0.1300(7)	0.007(5)

## 4. Structure of Lu<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>4+x</sub>Al<sub>43-x</sub> (x = 2.76)

Nominal composition Lu<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>6</sub>Al<sub>41</sub>.

Al<sub>40.24</sub>Cr<sub>6.76</sub>Lu<sub>6</sub>, hexagonal, *P6<sub>3</sub>/mcm* (No. 193),  
 $a = 10.851(1) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $c = 17.322(3) \text{ \AA}$ ,  $V = 1766.4 \text{ \AA}^3$ ,  $Z = 2$ ,  
 $R(F) = 0.065$ ,  $R_w(F^2) = 0.089$ .

**Table 8.** Parameters used for the X-ray data collection

Crystal:	metallic plate, size 0.012 x 0.016 x 0.020 mm
Wave length:	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 \AA)
$\mu$ :	195.95 cm <sup>-1</sup>
Diffractometer:	Philips PW1100
Scan mode:	$\omega/2\theta$
$T_{\text{measurement}}$ :	293 K
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ :	60°
$N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ :	228
Criterion for $F_0^2$ :	$F_0^2 > 3 \sigma(F_0^2)$
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	28
Program:	XTAL 3.2

**Table 9.** Final atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in \AA<sup>2</sup>)

Atom	Site	Occ.	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}$
Lu	12k		0.4656(3)	0	0.0973(1)	0.0075(7)
Cr(1)	6g		0.261(2)	0	1/4	0.011(4)
Cr(2)	2b		0	0	0	0.002(6)
Al(1)	24l		0.235(2)	0.399(2)	0.1609(6)	0.008(3)
Al(2)	12k		0.154(2)	0	0.116(1)	0.008(5)
Al(3)	12k		0.255(2)	0	0.5290(9)	0.003(4)
Al(4)	12j		0.151(3)	0.546(3)	1/4	0.008(5)
Al(5)	12i		0.250(1)	2x	0	0.014(5)
Al(7)	6g		0.847(4)	0	1/4	0.01(1)
Al(6)	8h	0.31(7)	1/3	2/3	0.1304(8)	0.006(5)
Cr(6)	8h	0.69(7)	1/3	2/3	0.1304(8)	0.006(5)

## References

- Yanson, T.I., Manyako, M.B., Bodak, O.I., Zarechnyuk, O.S., Gladyshevskii, R.E., Cerny, R., Yvon, K.: Crystal structure of hexagonal Yb<sub>6</sub>Cr<sub>4+x</sub>Al<sub>43-x</sub> (x = 1.76). Acta Crystallogr. accepted.